

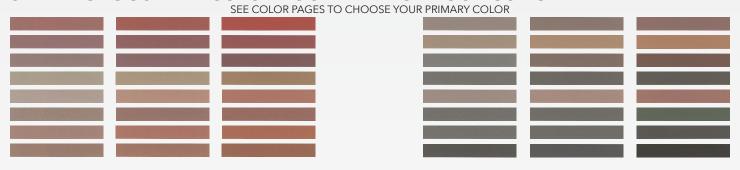
Our process is simple and quick. Just follow the steps and we will be able to get you on the schedule and bring your vision to reality.

STEP 1: CHOOSE YOUR PATTERN

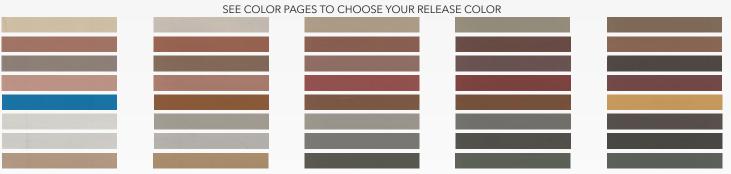




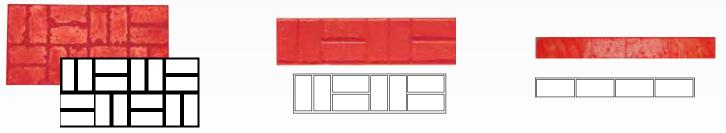
STEP 2: CHOOSE THE COLOR YOU WANT FOR YOUR CONCRETE



STEP 3: CHOOSE THE RELEASE COLOR TO ADD THE ANTIQUE LOOK



STEP 4: CHOOSE YOUR BORDER



STEP 5: CHOOSE ACID STAINED EDGE (OPTIONAL)

SEE COLOR PAGES TO CHOOSE YOUR ACID COLOR



CONCRETE CURING TIME AND BASIC INFORMATION

When you place fresh concrete it's very sensitive and easily ruined. If you cure it properly it will be strong and reliable; neglect it, and you'll be sorry!

In the first week or so after concrete is poured, you must maintain the proper temperature and dampness for proper curing. Curing is easy to skip in the instant but that will have a major impact on the quality of your finished work.

While curing is important for all concrete, the problems that arise from not curing are most obvious with horizontal surfaces. An uncured slab, whether decorative or plain gray, is likely to develop a pattern of fine cracks (called crazing) and once it's in use the surface will have low strength that can result in a dusting surface that has little resistance to abrasion.

HOW LONG DOES IT TAKE FOR CONCRETE TO CURE?

The entire curing period of concrete takes about a month, but your concrete will be ready for use sooner. Each project will vary slightly due to differences in the weather, concrete mix and placement and finishing techniques.

When waiting for concrete to dry, keep these timeframes in mind:

24 to 48 hours - after inital set, forms can be removed and people can walk on the surface
7 days - after partial curing, traffic from vehicles and equipment is okay
28 days - at this point, the concrete should be fully cured

WHAT IS CURING AND WHAT DOES IT DO TO THE CONCRETE?

Curing serves these main purposes:

It retains moisture in the slab so that the concrete continues to gain strength. It delays drying shrinkage until the concrete is strong enough to resist shrinkage cracking. Properly curing concrete improves strength, durability, water tightness, and wear resistance.

When most people think of curing, they think only of maintaining moisture on the surface of the concrete. But curing is more than that-it is giving the concrete what it needs to gain strength properly. Concrete strength depends on the growth of crystals within the matrix of the concrete. These crystals grow from a reaction between Portland cement and water-a reaction known as hydration. If there isn't enough water, the crystals can't grow and the concrete doesn't develop the strength it should. If there is enough water, the crystals grow out like tiny rock-hard fingers wrapping around the sand and gravel in the mix and intertwining with one another. Almost sounds like a horror movie-our concrete baby has turned into a monster!

The other important aspect of curing is temperature-the concrete can't be too cold or too hot. As fresh concrete gets cooler, the hydration reaction slows down. The temperature of the concrete is what's important here, not necessarily the air temperature. Below about 50 F, hydration slows down a lot; below about 40 F, it virtually stops.

Hot concrete has the opposite problem: the reaction goes too fast, and since the reaction is exothermic (produces heat), it can quickly cause temperature differentials within the concrete that can lead to cracking. And cement that reacts too quickly doesn't have time for the crystals to grow properly so it doesn't develop as much strength as it should.

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PRIMARY COLORS

20

POWDERED INTEGRAL COLOR 1 BAG PER 1 YARDS 2 BAG PER 1 YARDS 1 BAG PER 2 YARDS 3 BAG PER 1 YARDS **EARTHEN RAWHIDE BUCKSKIN** LEATHER SRI-25 PC-6001 SRI-24 SLATE LIGHT GREY SHALE STORM GREY PC-1001 CURRANT RUBY THISTLE REDBUD SRI-40 PC-2017 BUFF **CHAMOIS** HARVEST GOLD GOLDENROD PC-3001 SRI-41 SRI-41 SRI-48 PINE CONE MOROCCAN TAN SAND **DESERT SAND** PC-4005 CARAMEL RUSTIC RED TAN SIENNA PC-5001 OATMEAL OAK HAZELNUT CARIBOU SRI-29 PC-801 SRI-29 BISCUIT FAWN YELLOWSTONE BOURBON PC-8051 SRI-45 MUSHROOM UTOPIA SILT MOCHA SRI-20 PC-9001 SRI-23 LLAMA DEER VALLEY **CROISSANT HONEYCOMB** PC-9051 SRI-41 SRI-44 **RAVEN** FOG ALABASTER SHADOW PC-600

COLORING YOUR CONCRETE AND HOW IT WORKS

Brickform Powdered Color is a uniform blend of pure iron oxide pigment packaged in pre-measured dissolving (re-pulpable) paper bags that are added at the ready-mix batch plant or at the jobsite. Brickform Powdered Color disperses evenly throughout the concrete mix and complies with ASTM C979 "Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete". The information below is just a brief guide on utilizing Brickform Powdered Color.

COLOR SELECTION

The color card approximates non-sealed shades of Brickform integral colors based on medium tone gray Type 1-2 Portland cement with a 4" slump. The final color shade will be affected by local cement and aggregates, addition of admixtures, water to cement ratio, curing, sealing, finishing methods, and the slab surface texture. The final color of lower color loadings such as 1 bag per 2 yards are influenced to a greater degree from cement and aggregate shades utilized in the mix design. A jobsite sample or test slab should be done using the specified materials and finishing and curing techniques that will be used on the project.

MIX DESIGN

The key to uniform concrete color is consistency throughout the job.

- The mixer drum should be clean with little or no build-up on fins.
- Mixer should be loaded to a minimum of 30% capacity to ensure good color dispersion.
- Consistent color can only be achieved by using the same mix design throughout the job (same sand, cement, admixtures, aggregates, and water to cement ratio).
- Consider adding UltraFiber 500 cellulose fiber reinforcement to your decorative project. UltraFiber 500 provides excellent secondary reinforcement, and is invisible in the concrete. UltraFiber 500 TIS is available at www.brickform.com.
- Maintain a 4" (10cm) slump, (low water to cement ratio). Higher slumps (maintaining low water to cement ratio) may be obtained using water reducers. Note: Plasticizers, water reducers, and air entraining products designed for use with colored concrete are acceptable. However, Brickform strongly recommends using test slabs to determine final color outcome.
- Caution: Use of calcium chloride can cause discoloration on the surface of the concrete and is not recommended for use with colored concrete. Non-chloride accelerators, including hot water, are acceptable substitutes.
- When using Brickform Powdered Color in repulpable bags, slit the bag along the top dotted line and completely remove and discard the top portion of the bag. Reverse the drum and slowly bring the concrete to the back of the drum near the chute. Add the bag(s) of color on the concrete mix and slowly draw them back into the mixer. Mix the repulpable bag(s) for a minimum of 10 minutes at medium mixing speed, ensuring that the bag is broken up and dissolves entirely.
- Do not add the repulpable bag to the mixer when using small 1/4 "(0.6cm) or smooth rounded aggregates, or sand-blasted or exposed aggregate finishes. Add only the color pigment by opening the bag and pouring all color into the mixer.

The colors shown are representative and approximate, as closely as possible, concrete with a flat troweled finish, sealed with Gem-Seal. N&M Restoration is not responsible for job condition changes, curing issues due to circumstances beyond our control. See Warranty documentation for more information.

RELEASE COLORS

COLOR HARDNER

This is an engineered blend, used to color the surface of new concrete. Color Hardener is manufactured with the finest UV-resistant pigments and premium aggregates available. Color Hardener is designed to work with imprinting tools

to produce clear, sharp impressions that enhance the finished appearance of any new hardscape. When properly applied and worked into newly placed, fresh concrete, Color Hardener forms a colored concrete surface that is abrasion- and impact-resistant. Color Hardener is available in 42 standard colors and has a coverage rate of 90 to 120 ft2 per 60 lb pail. Coverage rate will vary depending on timing, color and application technique.

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ANTIQUE RELEASE

This a hydrophobic colored powder that helps prevent Brickform imprinting tools from sticking during the stamping process. Antique Release is made from a finely ground formula that works with polyurethane texturing mats to create a beautifully antiqued and textured concrete surface. Antique Release forms a waterproof barrier that enables the stamping tool to be removed without concrete buildup on the stamp. During the stamping process, Antique Release is pressed into the concrete surface, creating a secondary coloring effect once washed off and sealed. Antique Release is available in 42 standard colors and has a coverage rate of 750-900 ft2 per 30 lb pail depending on application.

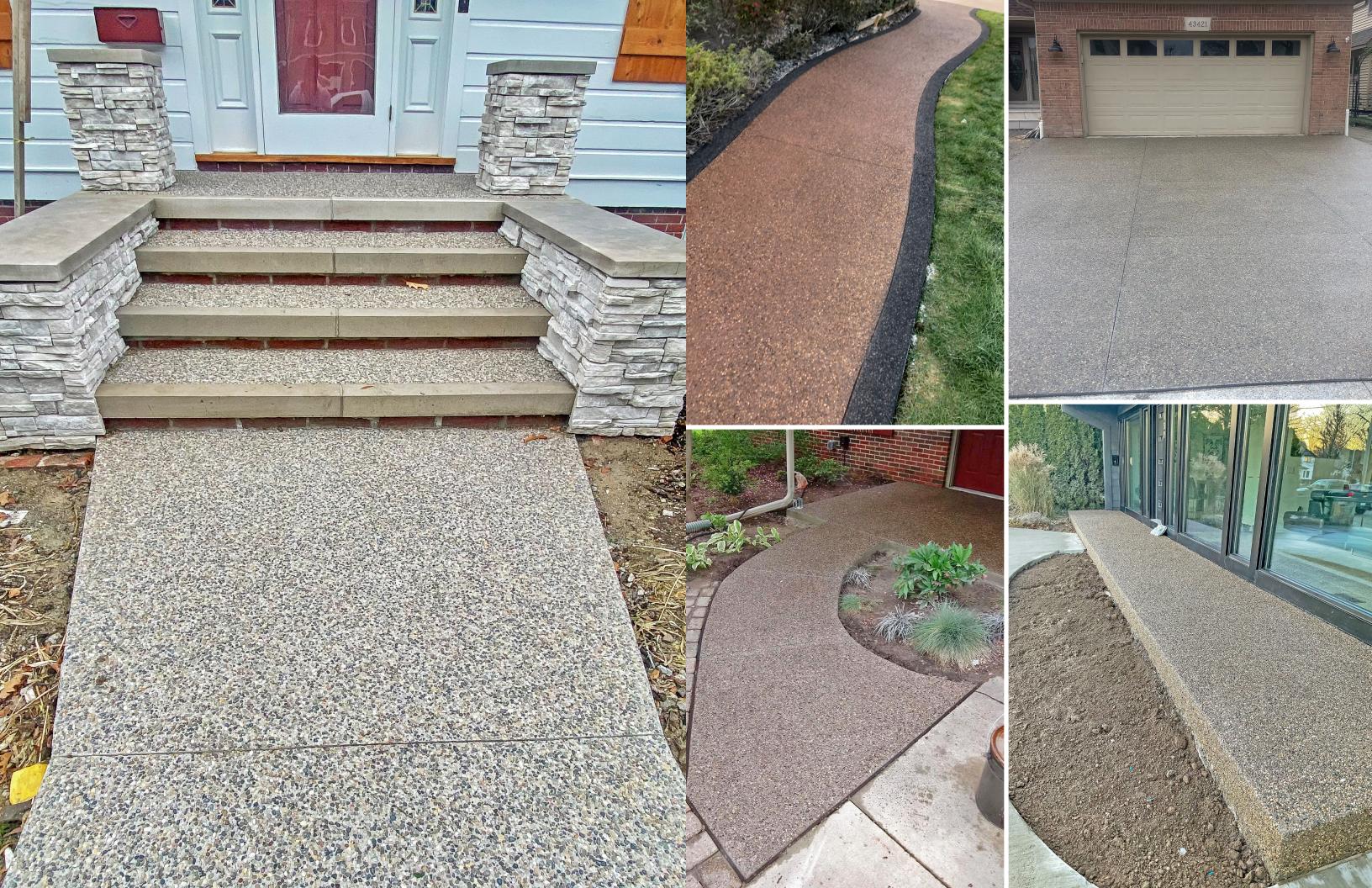
ANTIQUE-IT

This is a water-soluble antiquing agent designed to impart a secondary color or highlight to hard-ened stamped concrete or textured overlays. Antique-It is easy to apply, dries fast, and provides a durable color that closely resembles the look of antiqu- ing release powder. Antique-It is available in 42 standard colors. Coverage Rate: 1600-2000 ft2 per 3 lb. container.

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STANDARD COLOR SELECTIONS **GOLDEN SANDSTONE** ADOBE BUFF SANDY BUFF SANDSTONE **DESERT TAN** 1080 ANTIQUE CORK SUNBAKED CLAY TERRA COTTA **AUTUMN BROWN** PECOS SAND BLUSH BEIGE **BUFF TAN DUSTY ROSE** CHESTNUT WALNUT 1015 375 400 810 SUMMER BEIGE QUARRY RED ANTIQUE ROSE TILE RED **BRICK RED** 1020 550 1035 **POOL BLUE** COPPER BROWN SADDLE BROWN FEDERAL YELLOW PECAN 1025 1060 1085 3100 **ASH WHITE OYSTER WHITE** SUN BUFF SMOKEY BEIGE NUTMEG 1030 LIGHT GREY 600 MEDIUM GREY 200 DOVER BLUE STONE GREY DARK GREY CAPPUCCINO CREAM BEIGE FRENCH GREY SLATE GREEN SMOKEY BLUE 310 650 23











NATURAL







Exposed aggregate concrete can almost be compared to a piece of granite or marble transformed by polishing: A plain, unremarkable surface has been stripped away to reveal the exceptional beauty lying beneath. In the case of concrete, that beauty is in the form of decorative aggregate, either natural or manufactured.

The decorative process of exposing aggregate has been around since the early 1900s, well before pattern stamping, stenciling, and decorative overlays became trendy. But this method is far from being ready for retirement. An exposed aggregate finish offers numerous advantages. And many of today's decorative concrete contractors are finding creative ways to take exposed aggregate to a new level.

WHAT IS EXPOSED AGGRATE AND WHERE IS IT USED?

An exposed-aggregate surface is obtained by placing concrete and then removing the outer 'skin' of cement paste to uncover decorative coarse aggregate (either batched into the concrete mix or seeded onto the surface).

Because of its durability and skid resistance, an exposed aggregate finish is ideal for most flatwork including:

Sidewalks Driveways **Patios** Pool decks

Plazas

An exposed-aggregate finish is also possible on concrete walls or tilt-up panels. Vertical applications include:

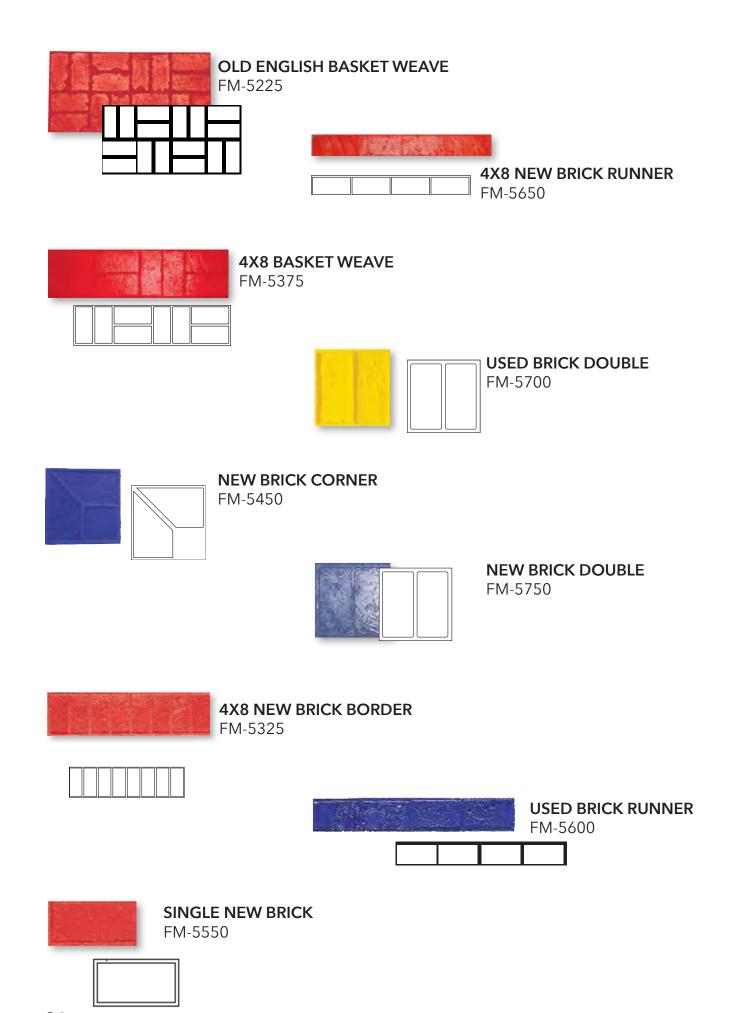
Decorative retaining walls Architectural building facades Sound barrier walls

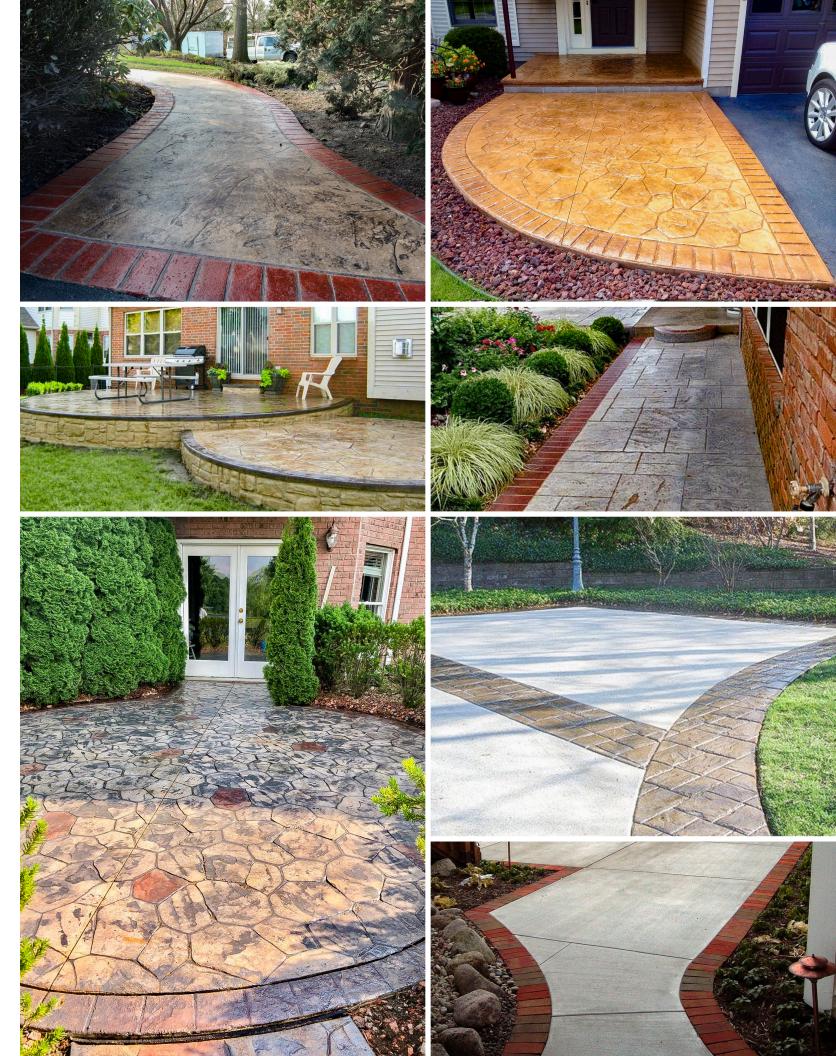
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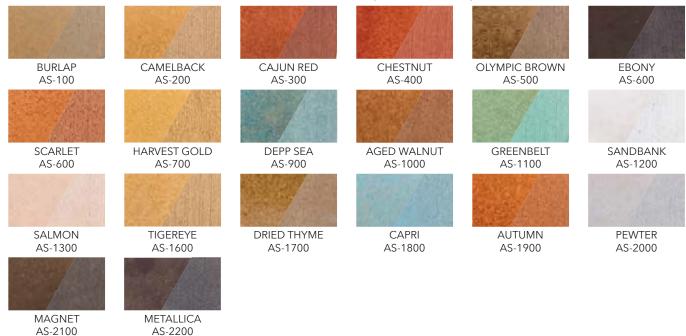


ACID COLORS

BLUSH-TONE ACID STAIN



ARTesian Stain (Water Based)



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BLUSH-TONE ACID STAIN

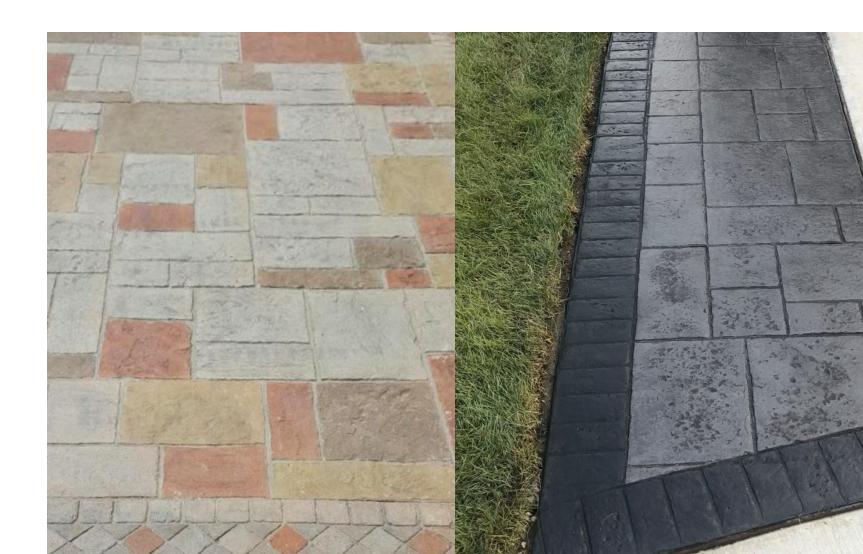
Blush-Tone Acid Stain reacts with minerals that exist in newly cured or existing concrete. It penetrates the very top layer of the concrete surface with color that will not chip, crack, or peel. The colors produced in each section of concrete will be unique with captivating, multi-colored intensities that become a permanent part of the concrete.

ARTesian STAIN

Penetrating, Water-Based Stain

The color effect is unique to each stained surface and cannot be duplicated with other materials. ARTesian Stain contains no acids or harmful chemicals and works as an alternative to typical reactive acid stains. There are no acids or harmful chemicals integrated in its design.

Zero VOC Water-based Interior / Exterior use Must be sealed with solvent-based sealer



AS-2100

CHOOSE YOUR OPTIONS

STEP ONE: CHOOSE YOUR PATTERN								
Ashlar	_Large Ashlar	Random Stone	London Cobl	bleRoma	n Slate			
STEP TWO: CHOOSE YOUR PRIMARY COLOR								
EarthenLight GreyCurrantGoldenrodCaramelOakYellowstoneMochaShadow	Rawhide Shale Ruby Sand Tan HazeInut Bourbon LLama Raven	Buckskin Storm Gre Buff Desert Sar Sienna Caribou Mushroom Croissant Fog	Chamo ndPine Co Rustic R Biscuit	Rec sHai oneMo RedOa Fav Silt alleyHo	dbud rvest Gold proccan Tan tmeal vn			
STEP THREE: CHOOSE YOUR RELEASE COLOR TO ADD THE ANTIQUE LOOK								
Blush BeigeBuff 1Antique RoseSumrPool BlueCoopAsh WhiteOysteDover BlueStone		maked ClayTerra Cotta TanDusty Rose mer BeigeQuarry Red per BrownPecan er WhiteSun Buff		Sandstone Autumn Brown Chestnut Tile Red Saddle Brown Smokey Beige Medium Grey Slate Green	Desert Tan _Pecos SandWalnutBrick RedFedYellowNutmegDark GreySmokey Bl			
STEP FOUR: CHOOSE YOUR BORDER								
Old English Basket Weave4x8 New Brick Runner4x8 Basket WeaveUsed Brick DoubleNew Brick CornerNew Brick Double4x8 New Brick BorderUsed Brick RunnerSingle New Brick								

STEP FIVE: CHOOSE YOUR ACID STAINED EDGE

BLUSH-TONE ACIDJadeCoffeeMahogany	Ebony Amber	Turquoise Caramel	Mission Brown Olive			
Olympic Brown Deep Sea	Camelback Ebony Aged Walnut Tigereye	Cajun Red Scarlet Greenbelt Dried Thyme Magnet	Harvest Gold Sandbank Capri			
Evergreen	ENDLY REACTIVE ST Sunset Saddle	AIN) Blue Di Mare Bronze	Ebony Rusty Brown			
NAME:						
ADDRESS:						
CITY:		STATE:_	ZIP:			
PHONE:	PHONE: EMAIL:					
DESIRED START DA	ATE:					
SPECIAL DIRECTIC	NS:					

We will do our best to get you scheduled as soon as possible. Our goal is to get your project done as fast as possible but sometimes there is a slight delay because of the number of projects we have going at one time.

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21300 GROESBECK HWY WARREN, MI 48089

586.350.5824 NANDMRESTORATION.COM